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*Mr. Washburne*

ANNUAL ANNOUNCEMENT

OF

THE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

OF

THE UNIVERSITY

OF

THE STATE OF MISSOURI.

SESSION 1850—51.

S A I N T   L O U I S :

CHARLES & HAMMOND, PRINTERS, ONE DOOR EAST OF THE POST OFFICE.

1850.

NATIONAL LIBRARY OF MEDICINE  
Bethesda, Maryland



THE  
ANNUAL ANNOUNCEMENT

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THE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

THE UNIVERSITY OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

OF

THE UNIVERSITY

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SESSION 1850-51.

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## FACULTY

---

JOSEPH N. McDOWELL, M. D.,  
*Professor of the Principles and Practice of Surgery, and of  
Clinical Surgery.*

RICHARD F. BARRET, M. D.,  
*Professor of Physiology, and of Materia Medica.*

JOHN B. JOHNSON, M. D.,  
*Professor of Clinical Medicine, and of Pathological Anatomy.*

ABNER HOPTON, M. D.,  
*Professor of Chemistry and Medical Jurisprudence.*

JOSEPH N. McDOWELL, M. D.,  
*Professor of Obstetrics, and the Diseases of Women and Children.*

JOSEPH N. McDOWELL, M. D.,  
*Professor of General, Descriptive, and Surgical Anatomy.*

JOHN S. MOORE, M. D.,  
*Professor of the Principles and Practice of Medicine.*

JOHN HODGEN, M. D.,  
*Adjunct Professor of Anatomy, and Demonstrator of Anatomy.*

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HENRY WILLIAMS, *Janitor.*

## C I R C U L A R.

The Medical Faculty of the University of the State of Missouri respectfully present to its Alumni, and to the Profession in general, this, their eleventh annual Announcement; with the view of enabling them to judge of its existing condition and future prospects.

At no preceding period in its history have there been more sure evidences of its prosperity and usefulness than exists at the present time.

Whatever in the past there may have been of doubt or difficulty—however indifferent the public mind may have been to its success and final triumph,—the time has at length arrived, when, with proud satisfaction, its Faculty can contemplate the results of their patient and persevering efforts in the complete establishment of a medical institution which will prove to be all that its friends could desire.

Notwithstanding there have been causes operating for the past two years throughout the West, by which the number of medical students attending our colleges have been greatly diminished, still this institution has maintained a steady increase in the size of its classes; and whilst such increase affords proof of the prosperity of the College, it also becomes a subject of congratulation that it should already have so far secured the favor of the Profession, as to have ranked with some of the older institutions in our country.

Gratifying as may be these results, the Faculty cannot but regard the present condition of the College as an earnest only of its future advancement; for, with increased and improved facilities for medical instruction, as well as a more extended and better directed public influence, they confidently look forward to the time when, through the persevering labors of the Faculty of this institution, St. Louis shall become the great centre of attraction to the medical students of the Mississippi valley.

To our medical friends, as also to medical students, we now present the actual advantages possessed by the Medical Department of the State University.

## COLLEGE EDIFICE.

For some time past the Faculty have experienced great inconveniences for the want of ample space in the old building, as well as the absence in some of the rooms of proper fixtures—such as are necessary for demonstrations and experiments. From time to time improvements have been made to suit existing circumstances, but owing to the increase of the class, these have been found insufficient for the comfort of the student, whilst they have embarrassed the lecturer in the demonstrative part of his course.

The Faculty are pleased in being able to announce to those who may resort to the institution, that in the building now finished, ample accommodations will be afforded to all, and every convenience has been added that can facilitate the course of instruction, or subserve the interests of the student in the prosecution of his studies.

This spacious and commodious edifice is situated on an elevated site, near the junction of Eighth street and Gratiot avenue.

It consists of a main building, the walls of which are of solid stone masonry, octagonal in shape, presenting a diameter of seventy-five feet, and a height of one hundred and ten feet.

The style of the octagon is Gothic, and it is divided into three stories. The first floor is designed for a Dispensary, where the poor of the city can come and be prescribed for, and where all necessary surgical operations will be performed gratuitously. The second floor is occupied as a Faculty Room, and as a Library. The great Anatomical Amphitheatre occupies the third story, and it is one of the best arranged and most magnificent of lecture rooms in the United States. Its diameter is seventy feet, and its height to the dome fifty-two feet. The seats are arranged in circular form, above which is a spacious gallery, where anatomical specimens, paintings, &c., are systematically arranged; the whole is lighted by six large gothic windows overlooking the seats, whilst from the dome the light is thrown directly upon the operating table through eight large sky-lights.

The brick building attached to the octagon is ninety feet in length and seventy-five feet in diameter; presenting a front, as attached to the main building on Eighth street, of one hundred and sixty-five feet. Like the octagon, it is divided into three stories, with an attic.

The first floor is occupied as a chemical lecture room; being seventy-five feet by fifty-five, in dimensions. The second floor is used as a common lecture room, of similar dimensions with the first, whilst the third story is wholly occupied as a museum, in which is placed one of the most varied and beautiful cabinets of natural history found in the Valley of the Mississippi, beside a most valuable and rare collection of anatomical specimens, both wet and dry. In the fourth story is the common dissecting room, ninety feet by forty, where every convenience is found for the successful study of practical anatomy.

With a knowledge (on the part of some of the members of our Faculty) derived from the experience of many years in relation to college buildings, we may safely add, in reference to the edifice just completed, that it combines in its arrangements and finish every thing necessary to facilitate the labor of teaching, and at the same time it affords to the student such conveniences as are indispensable to his comfort and profit.

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## I N S T R U C T I O N .

Since the issue of the last circular of the University, the Faculty have elected ABNER HOPTON, M. D., to the Chair of Chemistry and Pharmacy, made vacant by the resignation of Professor EDWARD H. LEFFINGWELL, of the Missouri University.

Owing to Professor LEFFINGWELL's relations with the Literary Department of the University at Columbia, where he was obliged to remain during the greater part of the year, he early last spring signified his intention of resigning the Chair of Chemistry and Pharmacy, as he could not deliver other than an imperfect course of lectures to our classes should he remain connected with the school. The Faculty regretted the necessity that led to this step, as in Professor LEFFINGWELL they had ever found the characteristics of a faithful and successful teacher, united with the refined and social qualities of a gentleman and friend. We wish him all success in his present connexion with the University, and though no longer of our Faculty, he is nevertheless united with us in the common object of laboring for the advancement of the interests and ultimate success of our common parent, the State University.

The successor to the Chair vacated by Professor LEFFINGWELL comes to us with high testimonials of qualification for the performance of the duties incident to the department to which he has been elected. For many years Professor HOPTON was a successful teacher of Chemistry in South Carolina; but more recently he has been engaged in the Medical College at Memphis, Tennessee, as Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy. We believe this appointment a very judicious one on the part of the Curators of the University; for whilst it gives strength to our Faculty, it will also insure to the student facilities for acquiring a practical knowledge in this interesting branch of the medical science.

The Chair of Obstetrics, and of the Diseases of Women and Children, made vacant by the death of our lamented colleague, Dr. THOMAS BARBOUR, has not yet been filled. The Faculty have been and are now in correspondence with several applicants for the above vacancy; they cannot, however, (from motives of a private nature,) proceed to an election of a person to fill this Chair until the second Monday in August, when, with the concurrence of the Curators of the University, they will supply this vacancy, and once more present a full, and, they believe, a strong organization for the purposes of Medical instruction.

## GENERAL SYNOPSIS OF LECTURES.

### ANATOMY.

JOSEPH N. McDOWELL, M. D.

JOHN HODGEN, M. D., ADJUNCT PROFESSOR.

The Professor in this Department comprises, in his course of Lectures, a demonstration and description of the entire structure of the human body.

He has, for illustration, a Museum of Wet and Dry Preparations, (the labor of twenty years,) which is, every way, the most ample, and surpassed by none in the West. His great object is, to afford the student an accurate knowledge of the Topographical Anatomy of those parts of the body upon which operations can be performed, and to make him, thereby, master of the knife in Operative Surgery.

That the student may also be grounded in the proper appreciation of Surgical Diseases, the Adjunct Professor will demonstrate, by drawings, the peculiarities in organization, in vascularity, and nervous distribution of the various tissues of the body.

Through the whole course in this Department, endeavors will be made, whether from lectures or demonstrations, to simplify and render practical the instruction imparted to the pupil.

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**PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICE OF MEDICINE.**

JOHN S. MOORE, M.D.

This branch of Medical Science the Professor presents under the following four divisions:—

1. A consideration of some of the more important Physiological and Pathological principles, as embracing the subjects of life and death, sympathy, the pulse, and inflammations.
2. The subject of Fever, Essential and Symptomatic. In this part of the course (Miasmatic Fevers,) the endemics of the Mississippi Valley will receive special and minute attention.
3. The Phlegmasia, or local inflammations; also, the functional derangements of the more important organs.
4. The Neuroses, or Nervous Diseases, are considered.

In noticing the diseases which come under the three last divisions, the attention of the student will be directed mainly to their Nosology, Etiology, Symptomatology, Diagnosis, Prognosis, and Treatment.

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**PHYSIOLOGY AND MATERIA MEDICA.**

RICHARD BARRET, M.D.

The following order is pursued in the course of lectures given in this Department:

1. The Consideration of the two great classes of bodies—Organic and Inorganic.
2. The four classes of Animals, and their leading Physiological differences.
3. The Structure of the Human Body, its Tissues and Vital Properties—Sensibility, Contractility, and the Nutritive and Formative Power.
4. Organic Attraction and Affinity, Animal Excitability, Reaction, Vital Stimuli, and Irritants.

5. The Functions of Man—*Vital*, *Sensorial*, and *Nutritive*,—*Vital*: Respiration, Circulation, Innervation; *Sensorial*: Sensations, Intellectual Operations, and Voluntary Motion; *Nutritive*: Digestion, Absorption, Secretion, Reproduction.

In the lectures upon Organic Attraction, Animal Excitability, Reaction, &c., as embraced under the fourth division of the Physiological course, *Materia Medica* will be introduced—the *modus operandi* of Medicines considered. When upon the Sensorial Functions, those classes of Therapeutic agents which produce their effects chiefly through the cerebro-spinal system—as Narcotics, Anti-Spasmodics, Stimulants, Tonics, &c.—will be presented. So, also, in lecturing upon Digestion—the functions of the Alimentary Canal, and other collateral organs—Emetics, Cathartics, Anthelmintics, &c., will be minutely noticed. The same order, also, will be observed in the Physiological consideration of Secretion and Reproduction. Under the former, will be presented the classes of Diaphoretics, Expectorants, Diuretics, &c.; and in the latter, Emenagogues and Parturients—thus connecting, as will be seen, Physiology and *Materia Medica* in the most natural, easy, and interesting manner.

#### OBSTETRICS, AND DISEASES OF WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

The course of instruction in this department is practical, comprehensive, and demonstrative. The Professor considers—

1. The Anatomy of all the parts concerned in the great processes of Reproduction and Parturition.
2. Menstruation and Disorders of Menstruation.
3. Generation.
4. Pregnancy—its Symptoms, Signs, and Diseases.
5. Parturition, including 1. Natural Labor: its stages, phenomena, mechanism, and management; 2. Difficult Labor: including Linger and Instrumental Labor—their causes, means of diagnosis, and best modes of accomplishing delivery—(use of instruments exhibited); 3. Preternatural Labor: diagnosis and management; 4. Complicated Labor: puerperal convulsions and uterine hemorrhage particularly dwelt upon.
6. The most important Diseases of Females.
7. The Management of the New-born Infant.
8. The Principal Diseases incident to Childhood.

## PATHOLOGY AND CLINICAL MEDICINE.

JOHN B. JOHNSON, M. D.

The subjects connected with these important branches of Medical Science, are presented to the class in the following order of arrangement:

The Consideration of the General Laws of Formation, and those relating to Healthy Organizations;

Description of Individual Organic Systems;

The doctrine of Healthy Function as the only true point of departure for every pathological conclusion;

Abnormal Conditions of the Individual Organic Systems, as embraced under—

Lesions of Circulation,

Lesions of Nutrition,

Lesions of Secretion, and

Lesions of Innervation;

after which, the principles deduced from the consideration of the above subjects will be applied to Special Pathology, or the analysis of individual disease. That a full and comprehensive view of the more important maladies may be presented, Andral's classification will be adopted; though, during the course of Clinical Instruction, such diseases as may come under observation will receive especial attention, without reference to such systematic arrangement.

For the more complete illustration of the various organic lesions, every effort is made, by preparations and drawings, to convey a lively and correct impression of the condition of parts to the mind of the student. Morbid *post mortem* appearances, in recent specimens, form very important means of Pathological Instruction in this department.

Clinical Instruction will also constitute an important object of attention, for which the City Hospital will furnish ample means. Here the student will have an opportunity of examining disease in its various forms and stages—of marking its progress and termination, and the effect of therapeutic agents. His attention will be particularly called to the exploration of the body, for the physical signs of disease, by *palpation, auscultation, and percussion.*

## PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICE OF SURGERY AND CLINICAL SURGERY.

JOSEPH N. McDOWELL, M. D.

In this department, the operations upon the body, instead of following each other in routine, which is sometimes tedious to the student,

are intermixed with the anatomical demonstrations of parts concerned in operations—all the new operations are particularly shown.

The Lectures on the Principles of Surgery and Clinical Surgery, continue four and a half months, during which time the students visit the surgical patients at the Hospital, and attend all the operations. In the Clinical Lectures, each case is spoken of that is admitted into the Surgical Department of the Hospital—the disease described—the diagnosis and prognosis given, with the mode of treatment; also, all surgical operations which are performed are described, with such remarks as to the mode of performing them, as are thought likely to be useful and instructive to the students.

A collection of plates, and of plaster models, to represent various surgical diseases, is about to be introduced into this Department.

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#### CHEMISTRY AND PHARMACY.

ABNER HOPTON, M. D.

The earlier portions of the course in this Department will be devoted to Chemical Nomenclature, Symbols, and Formulae; after which, the imponderable agents will receive a due share of attention.

The more important of the elementary bodies, and of the various compounds employed in medicine, will then be considered; and the course will terminate with an account of Organic, or Vegetable and Animal Chemistry.

Instead of making Toxicology and Pharmacy a distinct portion of the course, these subjects will be considered in connection with individual substances.

The chemical apparatus is now (with the large additions made last year) complete—*inferior to none in the country*; which enables the Professor to illustrate the various subjects with all the requisite experiments.

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#### PRACTICAL ANATOMY.

The Dissecting Rooms are under the charge of the Professor and *Adjunct Professor of Anatomy*.

Nothing is wanting to the Medical Student, either in the supply of material for dissection, or in attention on the part of the Demonstrator, in enabling him to prosecute his labors with full advantage.

During the past season, the supply of subjects was even more than sufficient ; and, consequently, they are afforded to the class at a more moderate charge than in most of the schools of our country.

Students arrange themselves into classes of from four to eight persons ; and they are numbered in the order in which their names are presented to the Demonstrator—the class first formed being entitled to the first subject, and so on, until all of the classes are supplied. Every student can thus have the opportunity of using the scalpel to the full extent of his wishes.

The Adjunct Professor of Anatomy will be in constant attendance, to give instruction as to the manner of Dissection, and to explain to the class Relative and Special Anatomy.

Whenever an important organ is to be demonstrated—as the Brain, Heart, Liver, &c.—notice is previously given to the whole class. These demonstrations are usually conducted in the Amphitheatre, as by this arrangement each student is made acquainted not only with the parts he himself has traced out, but also with those which he has not, as yet, attempted to dissect.

#### HOSPITAL INSTRUCTION.

The City Hospital, during the whole year, is under the control of some one of the Faculty, either in attendance upon the Surgical or Medical Department. There, every variety of Surgical and Medical disease is seen, examined, and prescribed for ; and those requiring Surgical aid, are operated upon in the presence of the class.

Connected with the Hospital is a Lecture Room, where, after each visit, some one or more of the important diseases in the wards are considered—their history, symptoms, and mode of treatment, dwelt upon, whilst much of valuable pathological instruction is derived from the *morbid post mortem* appearances, which, from time to time, are there exhibited.

Clinical Lectures are here delivered, daily, by the Professor of Surgery, or of Clinical Medicine, from the 1st of October to the commencement of the course—after which, regular visits are made by the whole class to the close of the term.

Students are admitted to this institution free of charge during the lecture term as well as in vacation ; where we invite all who desire, whether Students or Physicians, to attend.

Dr. JOSEPH N. McDOWELL, during the past year, received the ap-

pointment by the President of the United States of the post of Physician and Surgeon to the Marine Hospital ; said appointment to take effect so soon as the Hospital should be completed.

The building is now in progress of erection, and soon our hospital advantages will be more than ample, and if properly appreciated by the student, they cannot fail to afford him an extensive field for observation, and for participating in the active exercise of his profession.

#### EXAMINATIONS.

Close and rigid *daily* examinations are instituted of the subjects of the preceding lecture, in each department ; as the Faculty believe, from their own observation, (as, also, from the testimony of their pupils,) that it is a most effectual mode of impressing on the memory of the student the more important principles and facts developed in their respective courses.

#### REGULATIONS FOR THE TERMS OF LECTURES, &c.

##### REQUISITES FOR GRADUATION.

For the promotion of the cause of Medical Education, as well as for the usefulness of the Institution, the Faculty have determined that the regular session shall commence two weeks earlier than heretofore ; and, consequently, the ensuing Course of Lectures will begin on the 16th day of October, at which time it is to be hoped most, if not all, of the class, will be assembled.

From the 1st of October the Anatomical Rooms will be opened, and the Professor of Anatomy and the Demonstrator will give their personal attention thereto ; Clinical instruction will also be given at the Hospital.

It is required of the Candidate for the Degree of Doctor of Medicine—

1. That he be of lawful age, and of good moral character.
2. That he shall have attended two full courses of Lectures in some respectable Medical School, one of which shall have been in this College ; and he must exhibit his tickets, or other adequate evidence thereof, to the Dean of the Faculty.
3. The Candidate must have studied Medicine for not less than three years, (the terms of attending Lectures being included in these) under the direction of a respectable medical practitioner.

Pages 15-18 missing

NAME.	RESIDENCE.	PRECEPTOR.
STEPHENSON, DAVID J.	<i>Missouri,</i>	H. C. Wright, M. D.
STEVENS, WILLIAM	"	E. R. Rhodes, M. D.
STEADMAN, CHS. F.	"	C. Steadman, M. D.
STAPLES, EDWARD	"	Practitioner.
STRODE, B. R.	<i>Ohio,</i>	R. Simpson, M. D.
SWANSBY, G., M. D.	<i>St. Louis, Mo.</i>	
THOMPSON, J. M.	<i>Kentucky,</i>	Practitioner.
THOMPSON, JOHN J.	<i>Illinois,</i>	R. F. Cunningham, M.D.
THOMAS, JOSEPH F.	"	Drs. Chamberlain and Paddock.
TUCKER, ALEXANDER	<i>Missouri,</i>	W. Tucker, M. D.
TURNEY, J. J. R., M. D.	<i>St. Louis, Mo.</i>	
TWITTY, LAFAYETTE	<i>N. Carolina,</i>	J. N. McDowell, M. D.
TYLER, J. M. C.	<i>Texas,</i>	B. H. Bradford, M. D.
UPTON, S. W.	<i>Missouri,</i>	Wm. B. Watts, M. D.
WHEELER, JOHN H.	"	B. F. Johnson, M. D.
WHITE, PETER C.	"	L. F. White, M. D.
WHILTON, JAMES	<i>Kentucky,</i>	E. R. Jones, M. D.
WILSON, WILLIAM H.	<i>Illinois,</i>	O. George, M. D.
WILMANS, F. A.	"	J. N. McDowell, M. D.
WOOD, E. F.	"	Drs. Wood & Wilson,
WORTH, EMMOR	<i>Pennsylvania,</i>	C. L. Seal, M. D.
XAUPI, LOUIS A.	<i>Virginia,</i>	D. C. Carter, M. D.
YOUNG, G. W.	<i>Missouri,</i>	N. W. Calhoun, M. D.
YOUNG, DAVID	<i>St. Louis, Mo.</i>	J. Robertson, M. D.
Total,		152.

## BOOKS,

Which may be referred to as Accompaniments to the different Courses of Lectures.

*Anatomy.*—Wilson, Pancoast's Wistar, or Cruveilhier.

*Surgery.*—Liston, Cooper's First Lines, Mott's Velpeau.

*Practice of Medicine.*—Stokes and Bell, Wood, and Watson.

*Physiology.*—Carpenter and Muller.

*Materia Medica.*—Pereira, Murray, Dunglison, Wood, and Bache.

*Obstetrics, and Diseases of Women and Children.*—Ramsbotham, Churchill, Meigs, Dewees, Billard, Condie.

*Pathology and Clinical Medicine.*—Andral, Vogel, Hasse, Andral's Clinic.

*Chemistry.*—Siliman's First Principles, United States Dispensatory, Christison on Poisons; also, the works of Kane, Graham, and Turner, are recommended.

At the Commencement of the MEDICAL DEPARTMENT of the University of the State of Missouri, held on the evening of the 2d day of March, 1850, the Degree of Doctor of Medicine was conferred upon the following named gentlemen:

NAME.	SUBJECT OF THESIS.
ALLEN, CHARLES C.	<i>Apoplexia Cerebri.</i>
BROOKS, THOMAS	<i>Intermittent Fever.</i>
CARR, FRANCIS	<i>Curvature of Spine.</i>
DAVIS, JOHN A.	<i>Scarlatina.</i>
DAVIS, REESE	<i>Inflammation.</i>
DUNCAN, RICHARD H.	<i>Inflammation.</i>
DUNNING, CHARLES W.	<i>Remittent Fever.</i>
ELLIOT, JAMES	<i>Contagion and Treatment of Asiatic Cholera.</i>
FARMER, JOHN C.	<i>Intermittent Fever.</i>
FORKNER, GRANVILLE H.	<i>Pneumonia Biliosa.</i>
GANTT, WILLIAM H.	<i>Medical History of Indian Hemp.</i>
GARTHRIGHT, MATTHEW W.	<i>Erysipelas.</i>
GREENLEAF, DANIEL D. C.	<i>Pneumonia.</i>
HAMILTON, JOSEPH O.	<i>The Eye.</i>
HARRISON, SAMUEL J.	<i>Erysipelas.</i>
JOHNSON, WILLIAM S. D.	<i>Variola.</i>
KERR, JAMES H.	<i>Physiology of Respiration.</i>
LESTER, THOMAS B.	<i>Typhoid Diseases.</i>
MARSHALL, EDWARD B.	<i>Variola.</i>
MOSHER, ALANSON	<i>Malaria.</i>
NEWELL, HORACE	<i>Absorption.</i>
PACKARD, BENJAMIN F. M.	<i>Dysentery.</i>
PITMAN, HAIL W.	<i>Scarlatina.</i>
PRIMM, THOMAS J.	<i>Erysipelas.</i>
RANDOLPH, M. MONTAGUE	<i>Bilious Remittent Fever.</i>
RELPH, JOHN B.	<i>Modus operandi of Mercury.</i>
RICH, KENDALL E.	<i>Dysentery.</i>
RIDDILL, SAMUEL	<i>Prolapsus Uteri.</i>
ROMAN, JAMES A.	<i>Erysipelas.</i>
ROSSITER, CHARLES H.	<i>Indigestion.</i>
THOMPSON, JAMES M.	<i>Dysentery.</i>
UPTON, L. WILLIS	<i>Therapeutical Applications of Opium.</i>
WORTH, EMMOR	<i>Homœopathy.</i>

The ad eundem degree was conferred upon the following gentlemen:

J. M. BAKER, M. D., *Ohio Medical College, Cincinnati.*

J. J. R. TURNER, M. D., *Transylvania Medical College, Ky.*

BENJ. F. EDWARDS, M. D., " " " "

The Honorary Degree of the University was conferred upon

ADAMS NICHOLS, A. M., M. D., *Quincy, Illinois.*



$$\begin{aligned} 750 &= x \\ 738 &= x \\ 17.4 &= \frac{2.4}{x} \\ 204 &= x \\ 448 &= x \end{aligned}$$

AM 21.5

Dr. Jones

Thomas Creek  
Indiana

Indak, 7.00  
2.40 cents

my wife